



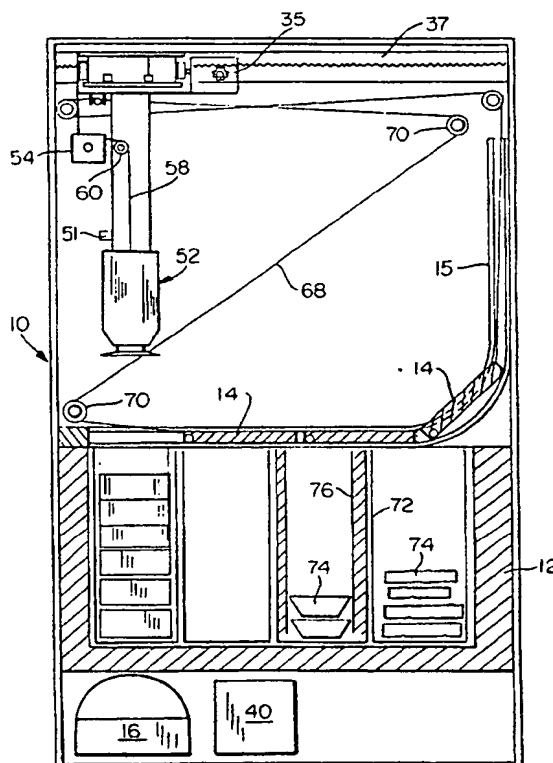
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(54) Title: PACKAGE VENDING MACHINE

(57) Abstract

The present invention relates to a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages (74). The vending apparatus includes an outer cabinet (10); an isolated freezer compartment (12) within the outer cabinet for storing the plurality of packages disposed within the outer cabinet, the freezer compartment having a thermal barrier (14) for maintaining a frozen environment within the freezer compartment in isolation of the ambient temperature air filling the remaining interior space of the outer cabinet; a mechanism (68) for opening the thermal barrier; a picker (52) for selectively removing the selected package from the freezer compartment, the picker being located outside the freezer compartment in between operating cycles and entering the freezer compartment for removing one of the packages only during the removal operation; and a controller (40) for automatically controlling the picker and opening mechanism in response to a customer's selection.



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Description

Package Vending Machine

Technical Field

5 The present invention relates to an apparatus for selectively dispensing a selected one of a plurality of packages. More particularly, the apparatus of the present invention utilizes a constant negative air pressure picker for picking up packages of frozen food having heterogeneous shapes and sizes from a thermally isolated storage compartment.

10 Background Art

 Until recent years, most of the mechanisms used in various package and product dispensing machines relied on a multitude of motors, switches and solenoids for moving various machine parts and otherwise handling the package to be dispensed. Most such machines required one motor, switch
15 and/or solenoid for each row, column or type of product or package dedicated to kicking out or otherwise ejecting the desired package or product therefrom. Therefore, a machine having an arrangement of nine

racks of product would typically require nine motors, switches and/or solenoids for ejecting one product from each rack.

Such machines generally suffer from numerous disadvantages. One disadvantage lies in the fact that any machine having such an arrangement will commonly experience numerous mechanical failures due to such factors as age, exposure, poor maintenance, poor assembly, misalignment, etc. Furthermore, the tendency to malfunction can be greatly increased when the mechanical parts must operate in a frozen environment such as that created in a frozen food or ice cream vending machine.

10 Additionally, each motor, switch and/or solenoid can be expensive and therefore can contribute to increasing the overall cost of a machine, i.e., either in capital or assembly costs. Elimination of any such mechanical parts will usually result in a lowered cost of production and future maintenance and repair.

15 Moreover, extraneous machinery uses up valuable space which could be occupied by product. The loss of product storage space means that the machine location must be visited by the operator more frequently for restocking, thereby increasing operating costs and reducing profitability.

For the above reasons and others not expressly discussed herein,
20 numerous attempts have been made to develop package and product

dispensing machines which have as few motors, switches, solenoids and other mechanical devices as possible.

As one example of such a package and product dispensing machine, consider the apparatus disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 4,787,533 to Haroutel
5 et al. The dispenser disclosed by Haroutel et al. dispenses postal packets of differing sizes and types. The device utilizes individually controlled and motorized horizontal and vertical carriages for positioning a product holding device in front of the desired article. However, this device still has a relatively large number of electro-mechanical parts which are relatively
10 intricate to assemble and expensive to operate and maintain. Furthermore, the disclosed mechanism is not designed for cold temperature operation and therefore is not suitable for cold food dispensing.

U.S. Patent No. 5,025,950 to Trouteaud et al. discloses an apparatus for storing and dispensing ice cream packaged in uniform containers which
15 are stored in rotatable transporters or revolving racks. However, this apparatus does not solve the above-mentioned problems. Firstly, each rotatable transporter requires its own motor drive. Secondly, this arrangement has a very limited capacity. Thirdly, and perhaps most importantly, all of the mechanics of the disclosed apparatus are exposed to
20 the cold environment.

As was mentioned briefly above, mechanical failures are common with vending machines that refrigerate their products, especially with vending machines that employ motors or solenoids to dispense their products from the refrigerator. Because the motors and solenoids are
5 located within the refrigerator, they are subjected to cold temperatures and condensates. Such harsh operating conditions increase the likelihood that the motors and solenoids will malfunction. The apparatus of Trouteaud et al. is as susceptible as the other prior art machines and furthermore suffers from the other disadvantages discussed hereinabove.

10 German Application No. 2,455,673 discloses a machine for vending frozen food packages which utilizes a motorized sliding carriage to position a suction device over the package to be dispensed. The entire suction device is then lowered by a motorized drum and cable system until contact is made between the suction device and the package. The suction device
15 is then activated and withdrawn to a dispensing position along with the package. However, this device still suffers from the disadvantage that the entire mechanism is still subject to the cold environment of the freezer, thereby inviting increased mechanical failures as well as having the inefficiency of expending a good deal of energy cooling large volumes of
20 non-storage space.

Disclosure of the Invention

Therefore, it is one object of the present invention to provide an apparatus for dispensing products which are stored in a refrigerated or frozen condition having fewer moving parts than known apparatus.

5 It is another object of the present invention to provide an apparatus for dispensing frozen products in which cold-susceptible moving parts are exposed to the cold environment only during the dispensing process.

 It is still another object of the present invention to provide an apparatus for dispensing frozen products wherein the storage capacity of the
10 refrigerated area is much greater than that of known frozen food dispensers.

 It is yet another object of the present invention to provide an apparatus for dispensing frozen products having heterogeneous shapes, weights and sizes.

 The foregoing objectives and others not specifically enumerated
15 herein are accomplished by the present invention which relates generally to a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages. More particularly, the vending apparatus of the present invention is especially well-suited for dispensing frozen and refrigerated foods such as ice cream, for example. The vending apparatus comprises an outer

cabinet having storing means for storing the plurality of packages disposed therein. The storing means is provided with a displaceable thermal barrier and refrigeration means for refrigerating the interior of the storing means to a selected temperature. The thermal barrier is displaceable by opening
5 means provided for opening the thermal barrier.

The apparatus is provided with package removing means for selectively removing the selected package from the storing means. The removing means are located outside the storing means between operating cycles and enter the storing means only for the purpose of removing one of
10 the packages during the dispensing operation. The dispensing operation is governed by controlling means for automatically controlling the package removing means and opening means in response to a customer's selection, as well as maintaining an inventory map and sensing operating conditions.

The removing means includes a picker for contacting the package to
15 be removed, x - y positioning means for positioning said picker over the package, and z positioning means for selectively raising and lowering the picker above the package. The lifting is accomplished by constant air blower means for creating a constant negative air pressure which is connected to the picker by an air hose. The air blower means and z
20 positioning means are controlled by the controlling means which

sequentially actuates them in response to signals sent by sensing means on the picker for sensing contact between the picker and the package. The package is then lifted up and deposited into a dispensing area, by which time the thermal barrier has been replaced, thereby conserving the cold
5 environment of the storage area and protecting the apparatus' cold-susceptible moving and electromechanical parts.

Brief Description Of The Drawings

For a more complete understanding of the present invention, reference may be had to the following detailed description of an exemplary
10 embodiment taken in conjunction with the accompanying figures of the drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of one embodiment of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages in accordance with the present invention;

15 FIG. 2 is a front elevational view of one embodiment of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages in accordance with FIG. 1, having the front door removed;

FIG. 3 is a left-side elevational view of one embodiment of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages in accordance with FIG. 1, having the left wall of the outer cabinet removed and shown in partial cross-section for purposes of clarity and discussion;

5 FIG. 4 is a perspective view of a cartridge to be utilized with one embodiment of a vending apparatus constructed in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 5 is a top plan view of a cartridge to be utilized with one embodiment of a vending apparatus constructed in accordance with the
10 present invention according to FIG. 4;

FIG. 6 is a top plan view of another cartridge to be utilized with one embodiment of a vending apparatus constructed in accordance with the present invention according to FIG. 4;

FIG. 7 is a top plan view of another cartridge to be utilized with one
15 embodiment of a vending apparatus constructed in accordance with the present invention according to FIG. 4;

FIG. 8 is a perspective view in detail of a portion of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages in accordance with FIG. 1, a portion thereof being shown in partial cross-
20 section;

FIG. 9 is a bottom plan view in detail of a portion of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages in accordance with FIG. 8;

FIG. 10 is a cross-sectional view in detail of a portion of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages in accordance with FIG. 1;

FIG. 11 is a side elevational view in detail of a portion of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages in accordance with FIG. 1;

FIG. 12 is a side elevational view in detail of another embodiment of a portion of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages in accordance with FIG. 1;

FIG. 13 is a side elevational view in detail of another embodiment of a portion of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages in accordance with FIG. 1;

FIG. 14 is a side elevational view in detail of another embodiment of a portion of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages in accordance with FIG. 1; and

FIG. 15 is a front elevational view in detail of another embodiment of a vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages constructed in accordance with the present invention.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

5 With reference to FIGS. 1-3, there is shown a vending machine 2 having an outer housing 3 with a main door 4. A customer retrieval door 5 is disposed in a lower part of door 4 while the upper part is dominated by a viewing glass 6. Inset near viewing glass 6 there is a currency receiver 7 and labelled selection switches 8.

10 Referring now more particularly to FIGS. 2 and 3 machine cabinet 10 is shown having a freezer compartment 12 disposed in a bottom portion thereof. Freezer compartment 12 has an open top which is covered by sliding panels 14, positioned in sliding door tracks 15, which provides a thermal barrier for maintaining a cooled environment between 0° and -20°F
15 in freezer compartment 12. The cooled environment is provided by refrigeration system 16 located in a bottom portion of machine cabinet 10.

An x-y beam 18 is suspended above sliding panels 14 and outside freezer compartment 12 between y rails 20 which are attached opposite one

another near the top of cabinet sides 22. Beam 18 has ball-bearing rollers 22 which rest on y rails 20 at either end thereof. There are x-guide rails 24 provided on either long edge of x-y beam 18 on which ride additional ball-bearing rollers 26 which are attached to x-y carriage 28. The side to side movement of x-y carriage 28 is accomplished by X motor 30 which is suspended in a stationary position on the underside of x-y beam 18. X-y carriage 28 and X motor 30 may be connected in a variety of ways such as by an endless chain which engages toothed sprockets (not shown) provided on both x-y carriage 28 and X motor 30. Movement of x-y beam 18 is similarly accomplished by providing Y motor 32 for driving Y axle 34. Y axle 34 has one gear 35 at each end thereof, enmeshed with toothed rack 37. The positions of x-y carriage 28 and x-y beam 18 are determined by X position sensor 36 and Y position sensor 38, respectively, which feed distance measurements to an automatic control system 40 located adjacent to freezer compartment 12 which governs and coordinates all the operations of the present invention. The preceding arrangement for positioning the x-y carriage 28 over the correct dispensable product may be referred to collectively as the x-y positioning means.

A blower motor 42 is housed between machine cabinet 10 and freezer compartment 12. Blower motor 42 has connected thereto a flexible

air hose 44, which air hose 44 is connected at its other end to x-y carriage 28 which comprises an air conduit 46. X-y carriage 28 has a picker guide tube 48 extending down therefrom which houses a longitudinally-compressible hose 50, which preferably self-retracts to a normally compressed position. Picker guide tube 48 has mounted on an outer surface thereof a z-origin sensor 51 for a purpose which will be more fully discussed hereinbelow.

Hose 50 connects at its upper end with air conduit 46 and has a picker head 52 at its lower terminus. Picker head 52 comprises a counterweight against sudden closed-end vacuum pressure and has a generally cylindrical upper portion 53 with a frustum-shaped lower end 55 for a reason which will be disclosed hereinbelow. A Z motor 54 mounted to x-y carriage 28 is attached to a Z reel 56 which has wrapped thereon two Z cables 58. Cables 58 are wound around Z reel 56 which is rotated by Z motor 54, and then pass over centering Z pulleys 60 which align cables 58 so they are equidistant from one another and parallel with the longitudinal axis of guide tube 48. Cables 58 are attached to the top of picker head 52 and may be provided with a cable slack removal system utilizing a counterweight or a spring attached to a slidable pulley. Rather than

employing two cables external to the air hose 50, a single cable could be employed, running coaxially within the air hose 50.

Referring now to FIGS. 8-10, picker head 52 has a central bore 62 therethrough. Bore 62 tapers from a wide diameter interior conical guide 63 near the top of picker head 52 to a diameter slightly greater than that of hose 50. Hose 50 is secured to the inside of bore 62 by any of a number of suitable means including clamping, friction, screw threads or glue. In the terminal end of picker head 52 and circumscribing the mouth of bore 62, there is installed a package sensor ring 64. Attached to the outer portion of sensor ring 64 there is a flexible circular rubber gasket 66 which provides for greater conformance to package contours during the operation of the present invention. The sensor ring 64 can be substantially rigid. Alternatively, the sensor ring 64 could be made from a flexible air hose in order to perform a shock-absorbing function during a product removal operation, thereby promoting the integrity of an air seal formed between a product and the rubber gasket 66 even when the product is jostled or jolted by, for instance, sudden motion or inadvertent contact with adjacent objects. In this alternate embodiment, the sensing function normally performed by the sensor ring 64 could be performed by a movable

plunger switch located coaxially within the bore 62 of the picker head 52 and extending below the rubber gasket 66.

Referring now back to FIGS. 2 and 3, x-y carriage 28 is securely fixed to sliding panel cables 68 which are closed-loop cables. Cables 68 pass around a series of sliding door pulleys 70 and are securely fixed to sliding panels 14. Cables 68 are arranged together with pulleys 70 so that sliding panels 14 slide from a closed position back and up tracks 15 when x-y carriage 28 is moved towards the rear of cabinet 10. When x-y carriage 28 is moved back towards a starting position near the front of cabinet 10, sliding panels 14 is similarly moved back into a closed position.

Referring now to FIGS. 4-7, there is shown one embodiment of a cartridge 72 which may be used in conjunction with the present invention. Cartridge 72 has generally rectangular walls 73 and a floor 75 with one open end into which frozen food packages 74 are placed. With particular reference to FIGS. 5 and 7, packages 74 of different sizes can be held centered in a standard size cartridge 72 by using package positioners 76, which may be locked into place or removably inserted into receiving means (not shown) in cartridge 72. The use of cartridges 72 for holding packages 74 provides numerous advantages such as enabling easy preloading at a central location in an assembly line fashion, quicker restocking, and proper

positioning of packages 74 having many shapes and sizes in the same basic outer unit.

Referring to FIGS. 11-14, there are shown alternate embodiments for covering the open top of freezer compartment 12. One embodiment seen in FIG. 11 has a multi-part cover 78 constructed with numerous panel members 80 which slide over or under adjacent members 80. The cover 82 of FIG. 12 is constructed of a plurality of hinged members 84 so that the members 84 fold up against one another. The cover 86 of FIG. 13 is a single unit which is connected by at least one hinge 88 to freezer compartment 12. In this embodiment, the cover 86 opens in a vertically arcing motion, which can be initiated by a separate motor only or by a separate motor acting to partially open the cover 86 and then by a mechanical linkage (not shown) depending from the x-y beam 18 and movable conjointly therewith. The cover 90 of FIG. 14 is a single flexible member which slides in track 15.

In use, a customer inserts money into currency receiver 7 and makes a selection from selection switches 8. Automatic control system 40 locates the correct stack of packages and activates X motor 30 to move x-y carriage 28 left or right to a position in line with the stack. When x-y carriage 28 reaches the correct position, X motor 30 is turned off and Y motor 32 which

moves the entire *x-y* beam 18 carrying the *x-y* carriage 28 frontward or rearward is activated. Sliding panels 14, which is attached by cables 68 to *x-y* carriage 28, opens up in proportion to the rearward travel of *x-y* beam 18. At the end of the completed operating cycle sliding panels 14 will close
5 in tandem with the frontward motion of *x-y* beam 18. When *x-y* beam 18 reaches the *x,y* coordinates of the selected package *Y* motor 32 is turned off and *Z* motor 54 is activated. This turns *Z* reel 56, thereby unwinding *Z* cables 58, lowering picker head 52 down into freezer compartment 12. As picker head 52 enters into the predetermined cartridge 72 it is guided by the
10 frustum-shaped lower end 55 coming in contact with cartridge walls 73. Therefore, while *X* motor 30 and *Y* motor 32 act to position picker head 52 over the cartridge 72, the frustum-shaped lower end 55 accurately positions picker head 52, compensating for misalignments in cartridge position. Similarly, the upper end 53 of picker head 52 has a uniform cross-section
15 for a determined length sufficient to prevent tipping of picker head 52 to one side because of contact with cartridge walls 73 as it is lowered down. When any part of rubber gasket 66 contacts the package, package sensor ring 64 is activated and *Z* motor 54 is turned off. Blower motor 42 is turned on, sucking the package up against rubber gasket 66. *Z* motor 54 is
20 then reversed, thereby winding up *Z* cables 58 on *Z* reel 56 and raising

picker head 52 along with the package out of freezer compartment 12. Picker head 52 is pulled up around guide tube 48 aided by the tapered interior conical guide 63 until Z origin sensor 51 is activated and Z motor 54 is turned off.

5 Y motor 32 is then activated in reverse until x-y beam 18 is returned to its origin position and sliding panels 14 are simultaneously closed. Y motor 32 and blower motor 42 are deactivated thereby releasing the package, which drops down behind customer retrieval door 5. X motor 30 is reversed until x-y carriage 28 is returned to its origin position, thereby
10 completing a full operating cycle.

 Should a cartridge 72 be empty, then automatic control system 40, which monitors the descent of picker head 52 from signals received from descent measuring means (not shown), excludes the empty cartridge from the inventory, recalls picker head 52 by reversing Z motor 54, relocating
15 picker head 52 above another cartridge 72, and continuing the procedure as detailed above. The contents of the inventory, from which a package location is determined, is stored in automatic control system 40. The data concerning which cartridges 72 correlate with which selection switches 8 is programmed by an operator during a weekly load up, for example. After
20 the load up is completed, or after any machine shut down, the automatic

control system 40 sends picker head 52 down into each and every cartridge 72 to determine, by signals sent or not sent by sensor ring 64, if it has any contents.

It will be understood that the embodiments described herein are
5 merely exemplary and that a person skilled in the art may make many variations and modifications without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. For example, blower motor 42 could be mounted on X-Y carriage 28, as shown in FIG. 15. All such modifications and variations are intended to be included within the scope of the invention as defined in the
10 appended claims.

Claims

1. A frozen confection vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages, characterized by an outer cabinet; storing means for storing the plurality of packages, said storing means including a freezer compartment disposed within a portion of said outer cabinet, said freezer compartment having displaceable means for thermally separating the interior of said freezer compartment from the ambient air in the remainder of said outer cabinet's interior, said thermal separating means being operative to prevent heat transfer from said freezer compartment to said outer cabinet interior between package removal operating cycles; opening means for alternately activating and deactivating said thermal separating means immediately before and after, respectively, a package removal operating cycle; package removing means for selectively removing the selected package from said freezer compartment, said package removing means being separated from said freezer compartment by said thermal separating means between removal operating cycles and entering said freezer compartment for removing the selected package from said freezer compartment only during the removal operating cycles after said thermal separating means is deactivated; and controlling means for automatically

controlling said package removing means and opening means in response
20 to a customer's selection.

2. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1,
characterized in that said package removing means includes a picker head
for contacting the package to be removed; x-y positioning means for
horizontally positioning said picker head over the package; z positioning
5 means for selectively raising and lowering said picker head above the
package; constant air blower means for creating a constant negative air
pressure, said air blower means being connected to said picker head by an
air hose; and sensing means for sensing contact between said picker head
and said package.

3. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 2,
characterized in that said opening means is driven by said x-y positioning
means.

4. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 2,
characterized in that said z positioning means includes at least one cable
equipped with slack removal means.

5. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 2,
characterized in that said picker head includes a flexible tubular element
which terminates in a package-engaging tip.

6. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 5, characterized in that said at least one cable extends coaxially within said air hose.

7. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 2, characterized in that said air hose is self-retracting.

8. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1, further characterized by automatic inventory taking means for keeping inventory of the packages.

9. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1, characterized in that said package removing means includes adjustable x-y positioning means to position said package removing means above the selected package.

10. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1, characterized in that said thermal separating means includes at least one panel section which is slidably mounted on said storage means.

11. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1, characterized in that said thermal separating means includes at least one panel, said panel being hingedly mounted on said storage means, whereby said at least one panel describes a vertically arching motion when opened by said opening means.

12. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1, characterized in that said thermal separating means includes at least one panel, said at least one panel being compressible in an accordion-like manner, whereby said thermal separating means is opened by the action of said opening means in compressing said at least one panel.

13. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1, characterized in that said thermal separating means includes a plurality of rectangular plates, said plates being slidably connected to one another adjacent to their long edges such that said opening means may optionally fan out said plates to seal said storing means or compressively stack one atop the other thereby exposing the packages to said package removing means.

14. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1, characterized in that said thermal separating means is made from a flexible material.

15. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1, characterized in that said thermal separating means is visually transparent.

16. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1, characterized in that said thermal separating means is opened by motion of said removing means.

17. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 1, characterized in that said thermal separating means includes an air curtain.

18. A vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages, characterized by an outer cabinet; a thermally insulated freezer compartment for storing the plurality of packages, said freezer compartment being disposed within said outer cabinet and further having displaceable means for thermally separating the interior of said freezer compartment from the ambient air in the remainder of said outer cabinet's interior, said thermal separating means being operative to prevent heat transfer from said freezer compartment to said outer cabinet interior between package removal operating cycles; opening means for alternately activating and deactivating said thermal separating means immediately before and after, respectively, a package removal operating cycle; package removing means for selectively removing the selected package from said freezer compartment, said removing means being located outside said storing means between removal operating cycles and entering said storing means for removing one of the packages from said storing means only during the removal operating cycles; and controlling means for automatically controlling said package removing means and opening means in response to a customer's selection, said vending apparatus having no

mechanical, electro-mechanical or electronic parts contained within said
storing means between successive removal operations.

19. A vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of
a plurality of packages, characterized by an outer cabinet; a thermally
insulated freezer compartment for storing the plurality of packages, said
freezer compartment being disposed within said outer cabinet and further
having displaceable means for thermally separating the interior of said
freezer compartment from the ambient air in the remainder of said outer
cabinet's interior, said thermal separating means being operative to prevent
heat transfer from said freezer compartment to said outer cabinet interior
between package removal operating cycles; opening means for alternately
activating and deactivating said thermal separating means immediately
before and after, respectively, a package removal operating cycle; package
removing means for selectively removing the selected package from said
freezer compartment, said removing means including a picker head for
contacting the selected package, x-y positioning means for positioning said
picker head over the selected package, z positioning means for selectively
raising and lowering said picker head above the selected package, constant
air blower means for creating a constant negative air pressure in said picker
head, said air blower means being connected to said picker head by an air

20 hose, and sensing means for sensing contact between said picker head and
the package, said removing means being located outside said storing means
between removal operating cycles and entering said storing means for
removing one of the packages from said storing means only during the
removal operating cycles; and controlling means for automatically
controlling said package removing means and opening means in response
25 to a customer's selection, said vending apparatus having no mechanical,
electro-mechanical or electronic parts contained within said storing means
between successive removal operations.

20. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19,
characterized in that said picker head has a frustum-shaped lower section.

21. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19,
characterized in that said picker head includes counterweight means for
countering upward vertical force applied to said picker head by sudden
closed-end vacuum pressure.

22. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19,
characterized in that said picker head is connected to said z positioning
means by a longitudinally compressible air hose, whereby said picker head
is displaceable without interrupting said connection.

23. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19, further characterized by a gasket made from a flexible sealing material attached to said picker head for sealing air gaps between said picker head and the selected package.

24. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19, further characterized by a cartridge for containing at least one stack of the packages, said cartridge being located inside said storing means.

25. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19, further characterized by measuring means for measuring the vertical distance traveled by said picker head, whereby said controlling means can determine when no more packages remain in said stack.

26. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19, characterized in that said opening means is driven by said x-y positioning means.

27. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19, further characterized by at least one containment cartridge for containing the packages, said containment cartridge being located inside said storing means, said containment cartridge having a chamber with inner dimensions at least as large as the maximum cross-sectional dimension of said picker head.

28. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 27, characterized in that said containment cartridge is removable and has a bottom floor for supporting said packages during the loading and unloading of said cartridge into said apparatus.

29. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 27, further characterized by removable redimensioning means for redimensioning said chamber.

30. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19, characterized in that said z positioning means includes at least one cable equipped with slack removal means.

31. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19, characterized in that said picker head includes a flexible tubular element which terminates in a package-engaging tip.

32. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 31, characterized in that said at least one cable extends coaxially within said air hose.

33. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19, characterized in that said air hose is self-retracting.

34. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 19, characterized in that said thermal separating means includes an air curtain.

35. A frozen confection vending apparatus for selectively dispensing one of a plurality of packages, characterized by an outer cabinet; storing means for storing the plurality of packages, said storing means including a freezer compartment disposed within a portion of said outer cabinet; package removing means for selectively removing the selected package from said freezer compartment, said removing means including a picker head for contacting the package to be removed, x-y positioning means for positioning said picker head adjacent to the selected package, z positioning means for selectively positioning said picker head in contact with the selected package, constant air blower means for creating a constant negative air pressure in said picker head, said air blower means being connected to said picker head by a self-retracting compressible hose, said picker head having a flexible tubular element which terminates in a package-engaging tip; and controlling means for automatically controlling said removing means in response to a customer's selection.

36. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 35, characterized in that said z positioning means includes at least one cable equipped with slack removal means.

37. A vending apparatus in accordance with Claim 36, characterized in that said at least one cable extends coaxially within said hose.

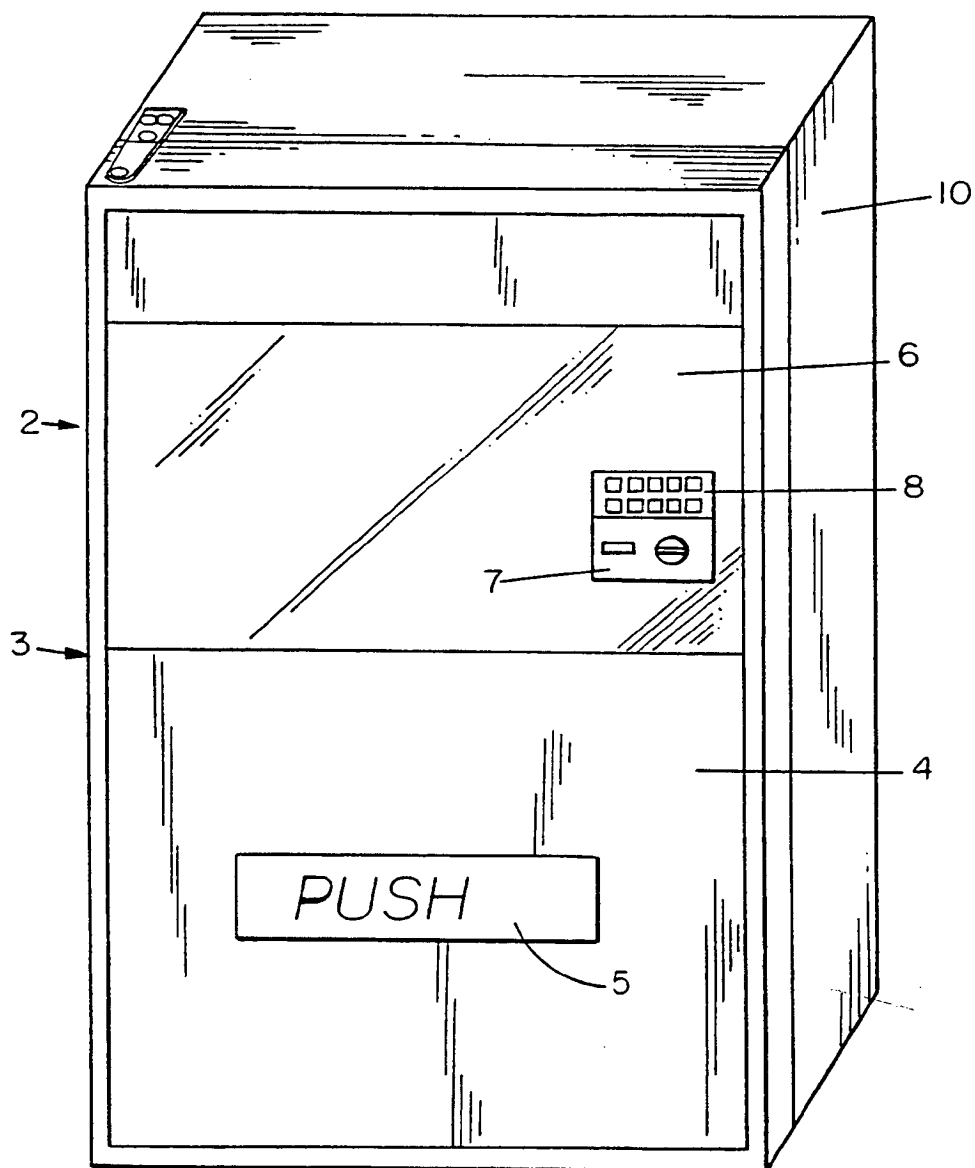


FIG. 1

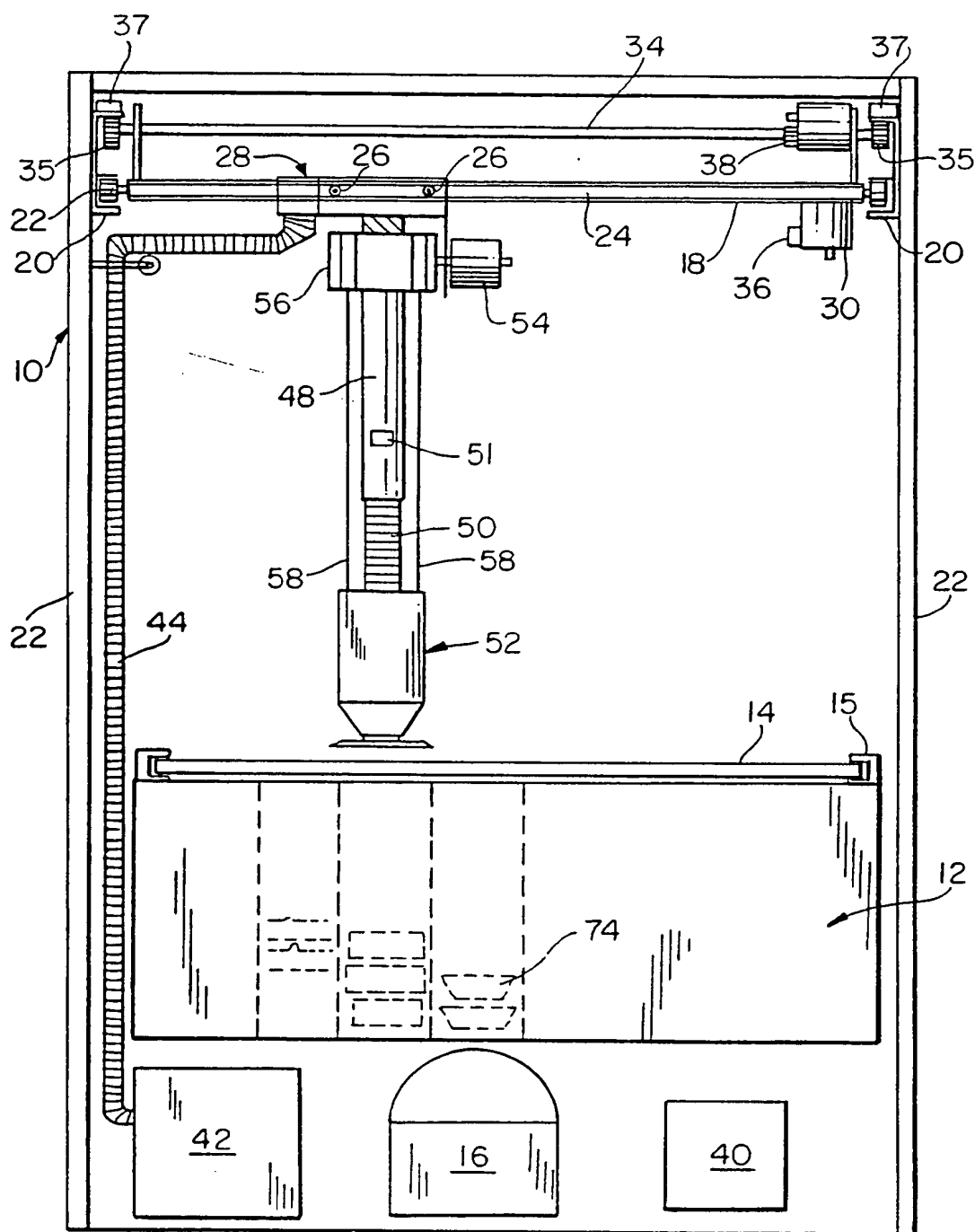


FIG. 2

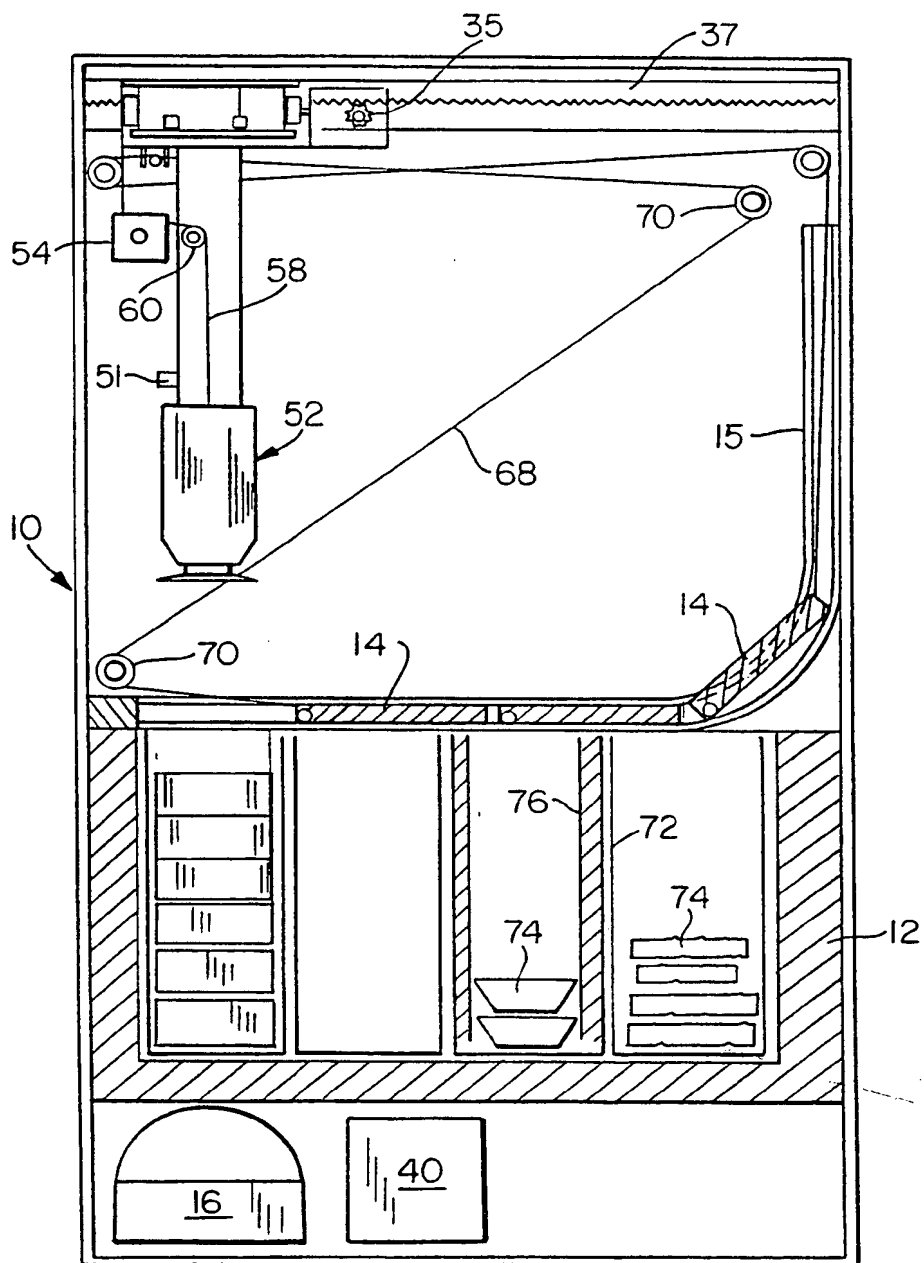


FIG. 3

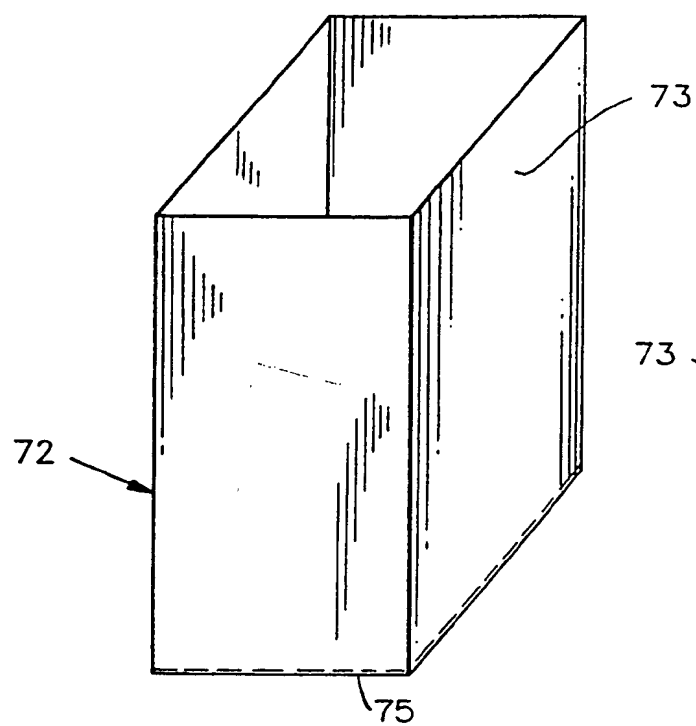


FIG. 4

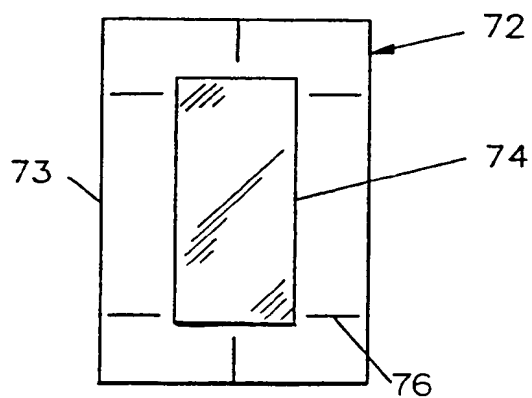


FIG. 5

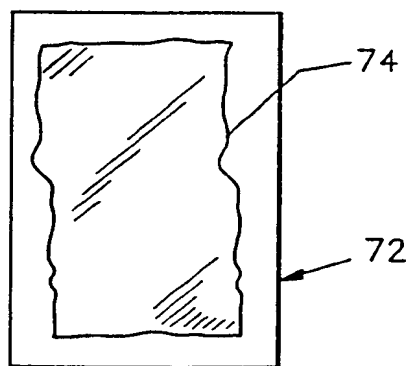


FIG. 6

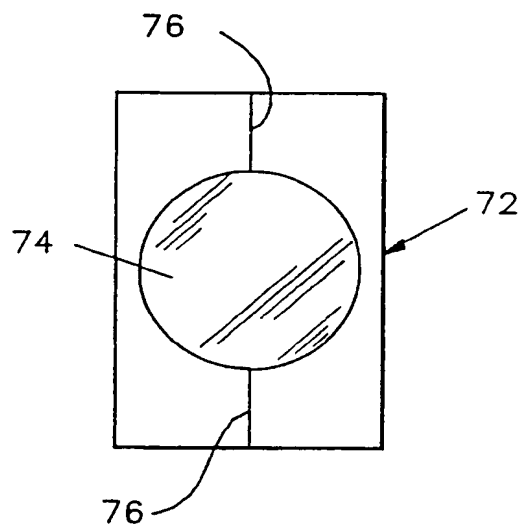


FIG. 7

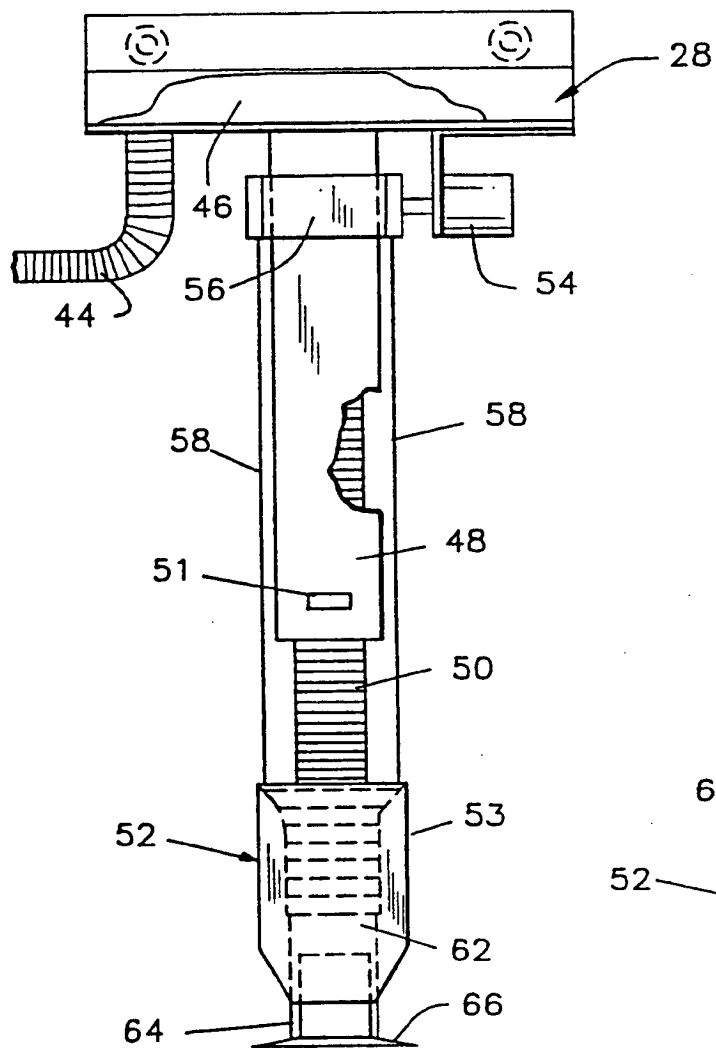


FIG. 8

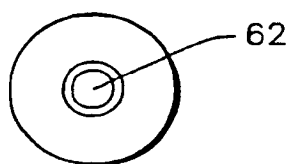


FIG. 9

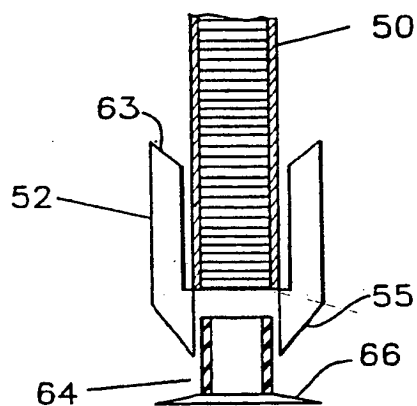


FIG. 10

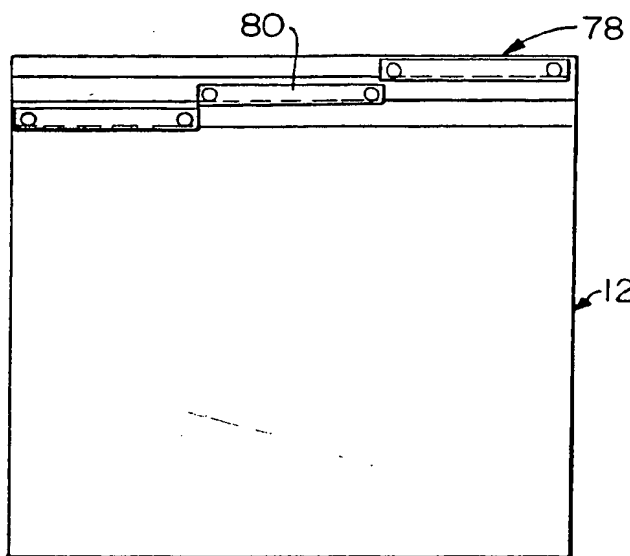


FIG. 11

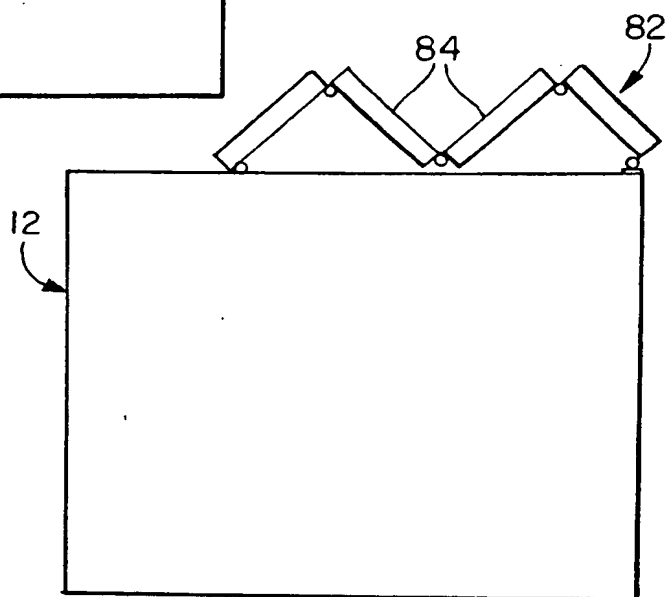


FIG. 12

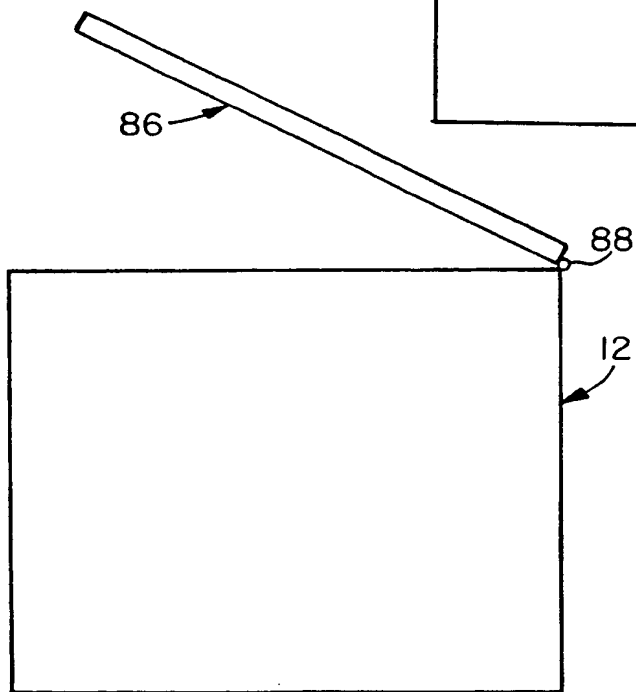


FIG. 13

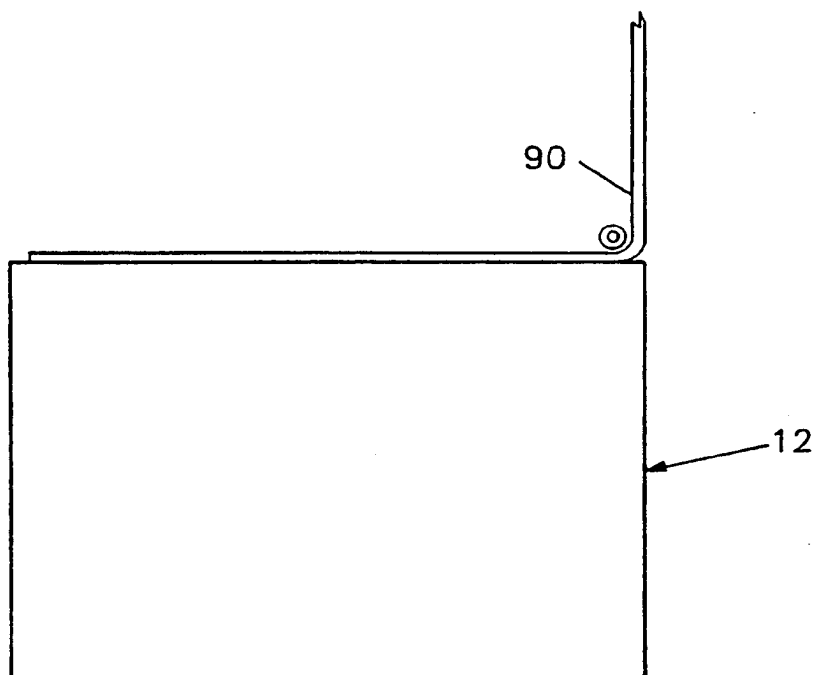


FIG. 14

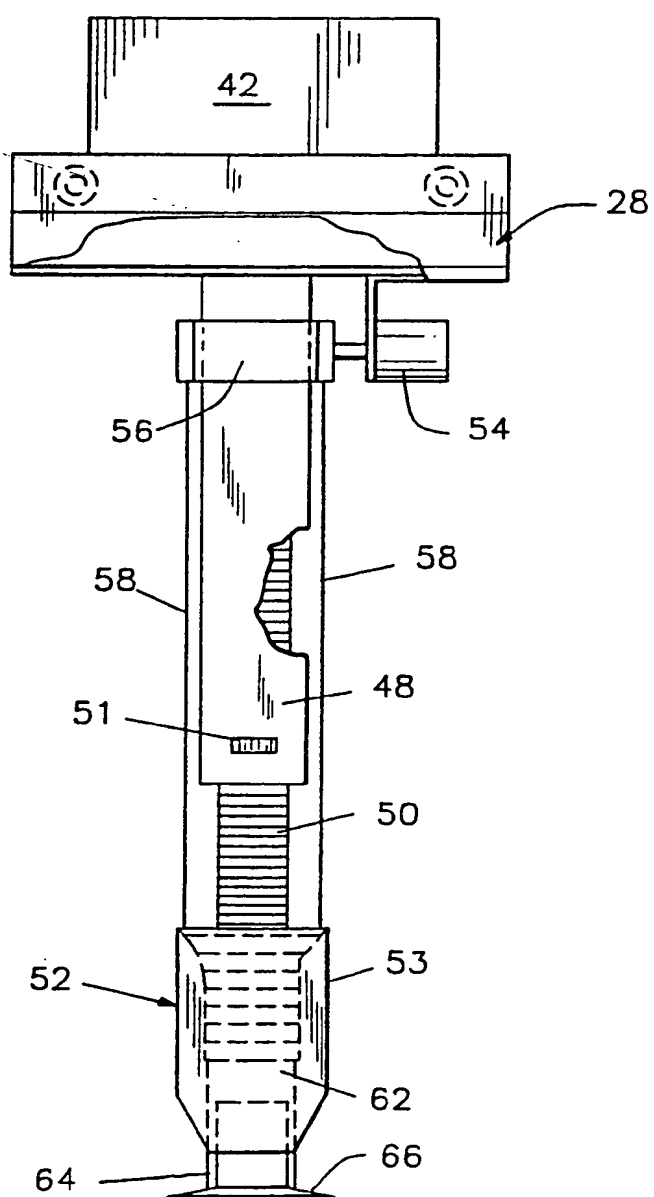


FIG. 15

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US93/08104

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(S) : G07F 11/00

US CL : 221/2

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 414/797;221/2,4,123,150R,155,197,210,211,262

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	DE,A, 2,455,673 (Lucas) 26 May 1976 (Note entire document)	none
A	US,A, 2,524,673 (Martin) 03 October 1950 (Note entire document)	none
A	US,A, 4,677,278 (Knoll) 30 June 1987 (Note entire document)	none
A	US,A, 4,473,922 (Weihe) 02 October 1984 (Note entire document)	none
A	US,A, 3,986,638 (Dehart) 19 October 1976 (Note entire document)	none
A	US,A, 4,375,126 (Dull et al.) 01 March 1983 (Note entire document)	none

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	*T	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
A document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be part of particular relevance	*X*	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
E earlier document published on or after the international filing date	*Y*	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
L document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	*Z*	document member of the same patent family
O document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means		
P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		

Date of the actual completion of the international search 07 October 1993	Date of mailing of the international search report 26 OCT 1993
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. NOT APPLICABLE	Authorized officer H. Brent Skaggs Examiner Skaggs Telephone No. (703) 308-1113

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US93/08104

C (Continuation) ~~DOCUMENTS~~ CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US,A, 4,639,875 (Abraham et al.) 27 January 1987 (Note entire document)	none
A	US,A, 5,097,986 (Domberg et al.) 24 March 1992 (Note entire document)	none

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